

Lead-Based Paint Monitoring Plan (Recipient)

2020

This monitoring plan is designed to assist a tribe or tribally designated housing entity to conduct self-monitoring of its performance and compliance with pertinent requirements and is virtually identical to the plan that the Office of Native American Programs uses.

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I. Purpose				-
The purpose of the lead-based paint review is to determine whether the tribe/TDHE is in compliance with the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act and the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992. Lead-based paint requirements apply to the Indian Housing Block Grant (IHBG) and Indian Community Development Block Grant (ICDBG) programs.	24 CFR Part 35, Subparts A, B, H, J, K, M, and R (IHBG &ICDBG) 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts B and E (ROSS)	Office of Healthy Homes website: http://hwvau ap1153.hud. gov:8080/H UDLBP/wel come.html		Read & Noted
Lead-based paint requirements apply to any activities that involve housing construction; rehabilitation (including the reduction of lead-based paint hazards, but excluding routine maintenance, repair and replacement); or other public construction under the Resident Opportunities and Self-Sufficiency program. All property assisted under the Rural Housing and Economic Development Program/Rural Innovation Fund is covered by lead-based paint requirements.	24 CFR 1000.40 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts B and E (RHED/RIF) 42 USC 4822- 4846 42 USC 4821- 4846 42 USC 4851-	40 CFR Part 745, Lead- based paint hazards www.epa.go v U.S. EPA, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics		



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			Public Law 102-550, Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act, 1992	PIH Notice 98-54 NAHASDA Guidance 2001—05T		
			24 CFR 1003.60			
II.	Pre	e-Visit Preparation				-
A.		vailable, review the following documents hey pertain to lead-based paint:				Read & Noted
	1.	Most recent IHP, approved IHP amendments, IHP amendments in process				
	2.	Previous monitoring findings and corrective actions status for findings				
	3. 4.	Previous self-monitoring report(s) Previous A-133 and OIG audit findings, work papers, and management plan status for findings				
	5.	Previous and current enforcement actions				
	6.	Valid complaints or knowledge of lawsuits				



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7. Relevant correspondence				
 B. Determine the types of housing activities the tribe/TDHE is undertaking. Note: Lead-based paint requirements generally apply to federal housing assistance for buildings constructed prior to 1978. 	24 CFR § 1000.40	NAHASDA Guidance 01-05 (Tribe) Topic: Lead- Based Paint		In 2020, the Tribe is operating Rental Assistance, Homelessness Prevention and other housing services.
constructed prior to 1978.		Daseu Faiiit		
The reviewer should determine what activities the tribe/TDHE is undertaking and are most likely to invoke compliance with lead-based paint requirements. These activities will generally involve rehabilitation, modernization, operation, acquisition, and down payment assistance.	24 CFR § 35.115, Exemptions.			Read & Noted
The exception for housing for the elderly means retirement communities of similar types of housing reserved for households composed of one or more persons 62 years of age or older or other age if recognized elderly by a specific federal housing assistance program. There is not an exemption for rehabilitation of privately-owned where the occupant or owner is elderly.	24 CFR § 35.86 Definitions: Housing for the Elderly			

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III. On-Site Review				
A. The reviewer should select samples, as appropriate to the tribe/TDHE, from properties that (1) received project-based assistance; (2) were rehabilitated; (3) were acquired, leased, or operated with HUD funds (including down payment assistance); and (4) received tenant-based rental assistance. Review the sampling methods in the General Instructions.				I have used the 5 randomly selected client files used for Admission & Occupancy review as well for this review for our TBRA program.
B. The reviewer should verify that the tribe/TDHE has documentation on the age of the units assisted.	24 CFR § 35.115			Read & Noted
If the tribe/TDHE does not have documentation on the age of the units assisted, this is a problem that the tribe/TDHE needs to correct.				Read & Noted – N/A, we verify via a landlord declaration, if possible, but will also use any other available sources if needed. In these files one verification was a PDF of the home facts on Zillow, and the other was a landlord verification.
C. If review of the files demonstrate that the tribe/TDHE has only been assisting units constructed after 1978, no further review of the lead-based paint requirements is necessary.	24 CFR § 35.115			Read & Noted – two of the files reviewed were built prior to 1978



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IV. Subpart H – Project-Based Assistance				-
(not applicable to ICDBG)				
Purpose				-
The requirements of this subpart apply only to the IHBG-assisted dwelling units in a covered property and any common areas servicing those dwelling units. This subpart does not apply to housing receiving rehabilitation assistance.	24 CFR Part 35, Subpart H	www.epa.go v - Testing Your Home for Lead		Read & Noted
A. PROGRAM REVIEW				-
Does the program ensure that owners consistently and accurately assess units for the applicability of the Lead Safe Housing Rule and document exemptions?	24 CFR 35.115 – Exemptions; 24 CFR 35.700			Yes, staff conduct home visits and are trained to do visual inspections.
2. Does the program consistently ensure that owners provide copies of the Lead Hazard Information Pamphlet to occupants of assisted units?	24 CFR 35.710(b)			Although the landlord does address this, our Program has chosen to always address this as well to ensure our clients remaining informed.
B. FILE REVIEW		ļ		Read & Noted



RECIPIENT NAME:	Regulatory/ Statutory Citation	Other Tools	Ref. Pg.	Remarks
Answer these questions for each project file reviewed.				
In Remarks column enter the name and address of owner and property that received project-based assistance.				Read & Noted
2. Does the owner's lead program for the property include the following elements necessary to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of the Lead Safe Housing Rule? (answer the relevant questions below based on the level of project-based assistance provided):				-
3. Identify lead hazards:				Yes, inspection at pre-occupancy and annual HUD inspection would identify hazards.
 a. PBRA assistance <u>up to \$5,000</u> per unit per year average: visual assessment for deteriorated paint; OR 	24 CFR 35.720(a)			Yes, using visual assessment.
b. PBRA assistance more than \$5,000 per unit per year average: all LBP hazards identified in risk assessment.	24 CFR 35.715.(a)			N/A for 2020
4. Documentation of receipt by occupant of	24 CFR			Yes, received at program entrance.



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	the Lead Hazard Information Pamphlet?	35.710(b)			
5.	PBRA assistance up to \$5,000 per unit per year average: Procedure for performing paint stabilization of deteriorated paint, with an ongoing LBP maintenance program? OR	24 CFR 35.720(a) and (b)]			Mitigation would be coordinated with team leader negotiating and coordinating the mitigation is addressed by the landlord.
6.	PBRA assistance over \$5,000 per unit per year average: Procedure for performing lead hazard control, with an ongoing LBP maintenance program?	24 CFR 35.715 (a) and (b)			N/A for 2020
7.	Did the owner provide to occupants a Notice of Lead Hazard Evaluation (when paint testing or risk assessment is performed) or Lead Hazard Reduction (when interim controls or abatement is performed)?	24 CFR 35.710(a)			N/A for 2020
8.	Is there documentation of use of lead safe work practices by trained or supervised workers and maintenance personnel during all paint disturbing work above <i>de minimis</i> amounts, including interim controls and ongoing lead-based paint maintenance activities?	24 CFR 35.715(b) and (c); 24 CFR 35.720(b); 24 CFR 35.1330(a)(4)			N/A for 2020, landlord controlled.



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9. Is there a clearance report for all work above the <i>de minimis</i> amounts?	24 CFR 35.715(b), 24 CFR 35.720(a)(2) and 24 CFR 35.1340(c)			N/A for 2020
10. Is there a complete response to a child having an Environmental Intervention Blood Lead Level (EIBLL)?	24 CFR 35.730			N/A for 2020
11. Is there an ongoing lead-based paint maintenance plan where actions are based on results or re-evaluation hazard control and other activities?	24 CFR 35.715(c) and 24 CFR 35.1355(c)			N/A for 2020
12. Ongoing lead-based paint maintenance and reevaluation:				N/A for 2020
a. PBRA assistance up to \$5,000 per unit per year average: Is there a procedure for obtaining visual assessment for deteriorated paint at turnover or annually, and performing paint stabilization? OR	24 CFR 35.720(a) and (b); 24 CFR 35.1355(b) and (c)			N/A for 2020



RECIPIENT NAME:	Regulatory/ Statutory Citation	Other Tools	Ref. Pg.	Remarks
b. PBRA assistance over \$5,000 per unit per year average: Is there a procedure for obtaining a lead reevaluation every other year, and performing lead hazard control based on the reevaluation?	24 CFR 35.715(a) and (b); 24 CFR 35.1355(b) and (c)			N/A for 2020
13. Does the tribe/TDHE ensure that applicants are not being denied housing based on familial status and that pre1978 homes of families with children up to age 18 are being tested and treated for lead hazards when triggered by the regulation?	24 CFR 100.50(b; 24 CFR 35.700			Yes.
NOTE: The lead-based paint requirements apply to all pre1978 units receiving project based assistance that are not otherwise exempt from the rule, and are not restricted to only those units occupied by children under age 6. The Fair Housing Act prohibits denial of services, including Federally funded housing rehabilitation, based on familial status (presence				
of children under age 18) or disability. V. Subpart J – Rehabilitation				N/A for 2020



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Purpose				-
The purpose of this review is to ensure the tribe/TDHE has established procedures to eliminate, as far as practicable, lead-based paint hazards in a residential property that receives federal rehabilitation assistance.	24 CFR Part 35, Subpart J			Read & Noted
A. Was the age of the rehabilitated units documented?				N/A for 2020
B. If the units were built before 1978, did the tribe/TDHE document the age of the unit or have documentation to verify that the units had been tested and found not to contain lead-based paint?				N/A for 2020
C. If the age of the project-based units is prior to 1978, is there evidence that the tribe/TDHE did the following, according to each property type listed below?				N/A for 2020
1. For all Properties:				N/A for 2020
a. Provision of pamphlet.				N/A for 2020
b. Paint testing of surfaces to be disturbed, or presume leadbased pain.				N/A for 2020



RECIPIENT NAME:	Regulatory/ Statutory Citation	Other Tools	Ref. Pg.	<u>Remarks</u>
N				N/A C 2020
c. Notice to occupants.				N/A for 2020
d. Ongoing lead-based paint maintenance.				N/A for 2020
2. Property receiving less than or equal to \$5,000 per unit:				N/A for 2020
a. Safe work practices in rehab.				N/A for 2020
b. Repair disturbed paint.				N/A for 2020
c. Clearance of the worksite.				N/A for 2020
3. Property receiving more than \$5,000 and up to \$25,000:		-		N/A for 2020
a. Risk assessment.		-		N/A for 2020
b. Interim controls.				N/A for 2020
4. Property receiving more than \$25,000 per unit:		-		N/A for 2020
a. Risk assessment.				N/A for 2020



RECIPIENT NAME:	Regulatory/ Statutory Citation	Other Tools	Ref. Pg.	<u>Remarks</u>
b. Abatement of lead-based paint hazards.				N/A for 2020
c. Interim controls allowed for exterior.				N/A for 2020
5. If paint testing indicates that the painted surfaces are coated with lead-based paint (or were presumed to contain), were safe work practices followed?	24 CFR § 35.125(a), Paragraph 930(a)			N/A for 2020
a. If force account was used, were workers and the supervisor appropriately trained? (They would have to be certified.)				N/A for 2020
6. If the work was contracted, was the abatement conducted under the supervision of a certified lead-based paint abatement supervisor?				N/A for 2020
(1) Did the contract require that				N/A for 2020



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the abatement work be conducted under the direction of a certified lead-based paint abatement supervisor?				
7. Were the occupants of the unit relocated during the rehabilitation in accordance with the Uniform Relocation Act?	24 CFR § 35.134			N/A for 2020
8. If a painted surface was disturbed that contained lead-based paint, was a clearance examination of the worksite(s) performed?	24 CFR § 35.1330(d)			N/A for 2020
Note: Clearance is not required if rehabilitation did not disturb painted surfaces of a total area more than that set forth in the applicable				
regulations. (At a minimum, interior walls of 2 square feet or less as an example)				N/A for 2020
9. Was the individual/firm responsible for the clearance separate from the individual responsible for the abatement/rehabilitation?				N/A for 2020



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VI. Subpart K – Acquisition, Leasing, Support Services, or Operation				-
Purpose				-
The purpose of this review is to ensure the tribe/TDHE has established procedures to eliminate, as far as practicable, lead-based paint hazards in a residential property that receives federal assistance under certain HUD programs for acquisition, leasing, support services, or operations. Examples of the types of housing assistance to which subpart K applies are acquisition or leasing of homeless facility, down payment assistance, mortgage and utility payments for persons with AIDS (if a child under 6 resides), and payment of security deposits.	24 CFR Part 35, Subpart K	Renovate Right – Important Lead Hazard Information for Families, Child Care Providers and Schools.		Read & Noted.
Note : The requirements of Subpart K do not apply if the assistance being provided is emergency rental assistance or foreclosure prevention assistance, provided that this exemption shall expire for a dwelling unit no later than 100 days after the initial payment or assistance.				N/A for 2020



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A. Was the age of the units documented?				N/A for 2020
B. If the units were built before 1978, did the tribe/TDHE have documentation to verify that the units had been tested and found not to contain lead-based paint?				N/A for 2020
C. If the age of the project-based units is prior to 1978, is there evidence that the tribe/TDHE did the following:				N/A for 2020
Provision of pamphlet.				N/A for 2020
2. Visual assessment.				N/A for 2020
3. Paint stabilization.		-		N/A for 2020
4. Notice to occupants.	h			N/A for 2020
5. Ongoing lead-based paint maintenance for ongoing assistance.				N/A for 2020
D. If the unit did not pass a visual inspection, was paint stabilization completed for each deteriorated paint surface and clearance performed before occupancy of a vacant				N/A for 2020



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dwelling unit; or, where the unit is occupied, immediately after receipt of federal assistance?				
E. Has the unit been tested and found to be free of lead-based paint?				N/A for 2020
F. If the unit failed any of the annual visual paint assessments, was paint stabilization of each deteriorated paint surface and clearance performed before occupancy of a vacant dwelling unit; or, where a unit is occupied, immediately after receipt of federal assistance?			L	N/A for 2020



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VII. Subpart M – Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (not applicable to ICDBG)				-
Purpose				-
The purpose of this review is to ensure the tribe/TDHE has established procedures to eliminate, as far as practicable, lead-based paint hazards in housing occupied by families receiving tenant-based rental assistance.	24 CFR Part 35, Subpart M	PIH Notice 98-54 NAHASDA Guidance 2001—05T		Read & Noted
Note: This subpart applies only to dwelling units occupied or to be occupied by families or households that have one or more children of less than 6 years of age; common areas servicing such dwelling units; exterior painted surfaces associated with such dwelling units or common areas; including those areas through which residents pass to gain access to the unit and other areas frequented by resident children of less than 6 years of age, including on-site play areas and child care facilities.				
A. Was the age of the units documented?		-		
B. If the units were built before 1978, did the tribe/TDHE have documentation to verify that the units had been tested and found not to contain lead-based paint?				Yes, verification was done in inspection by visual inspection for all 5 units tested.



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C. If the age of the project-based units is prior to 1978, is there evidence that the tribe/TDHE did the following:				Read & Noted
Provision of pamphlet.				Yes, at entrance to program and by landlord for all five units.
2. Visual assessment.				Yes, noted in the inspection and/or annual re-inspection for all five units.
3. Paint stabilization.				A/B/C: None needed due to age; D/E: None needed per inspection.
4. Notice to occupants.				N/A for all five units.
5. Ongoing lead-based paint maintenance.				A/B/C: none needed due to age. D/E: will be verified again at annually via the HUD re-inspection and at any visitations.
6. Response to child with environmental intervention blood lead level .5.				N/A for all units.
D. Did the tribe/TDHE provide any rental assistance (for more than 100 days) to units that have one or more children of less than 6 years of age?				N/A for all units tested.
1. If no, verify through a sampling of		-		-



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tenant files.				
E. Where assistance was provided to a family with a child under 6:				-
1. Did the tribe/TDHE do an initial inspection and periodic inspections in order to identify any deteriorated paint? Or				Yes, as part of the HUD inspection, reinspection, and visitations.
2. Did the tribe/TDHE have a visual assessment done of the unit for deteriorated paint surfaces in accordance with procedures in order to identify any deteriorated paint?				Yes, as part of the HUD inspection, reinspection, and visitations.
F. If the unit did not pass the visual assessment for deteriorated paint surfaces, did the owner stabilize each deteriorated paint surface and before commencement of assisted occupancy?	24 CFR § 35.1330(a)			N/A, no deterioration or mitigation identified for all units tested
G. If the unit did not pass a visual assessment and if assisted occupancy has commenced prior to a periodic inspection, was the paint stabilization completed within 30 days of notification of the owner of the results of the visual assessment?	24 CFR § 35.1340			N/A



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Note: Paint stabilization is considered complete when clearance is achieved.				
H. Where paint stabilization occurred:	24 CFR § 35.125			N/A for 2020
 Did the owner provide a notice to residents? 				N/A for 2020
2. Has the tribe/TDHE been informed by a public health department of a child less than 6 years of age with an environmental intervention blood lead level and	24 CFR § 35.1225			N/A for 2020
a. If so, was a risk assessment completed within 15 days of notification if not already completed by the local public health department?	24 CFR § 35.1225(a)			N/A for 2020
b. If health hazards were identified, were the corrected by the owner within 30 days?	24 CFR § 35.1225(c)			N/A for 2020
c. Did the owner notify building residents of any evaluation or hazard reduction activities?	24 CFR § 35.1225(d)			N/A for 2020



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d.	Did the tribe/TDHE report the name and address of a child identified as having an environmental intervention blood lead level to the public health department within 5 working days of being so notified by any other medical health care professional?	24 CFR § 35.1225(e)			N/A for 2020
е.	At least quarterly, did the tribe/TDHE attempt to obtain from the public health department(s) with area(s) of jurisdiction similar to that of the tribe/TDHE the names and/or addresses of children of less than 6 years of age with an identified environmental intervention blood lead level?	24 CFR § 35.1225(f)			N/A for 2020
f.	At least quarterly, did the tribe/TDHE also report an updated list of the addresses of units receiving tenant-based rental assistance under a assistance to the same public health department(s)? Note: Report(s) to the public health department(s) is	24 CFR § 35.1225(f)			N/A for 2020



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not required if the department states that it does not wish to receive such report.				
Note: If the tribe/TDHE obtains names and addresses of environmental intervention blood lead level children from the public health department(s), the tribe/TDHE shall match information on cases of environmental intervention blood lead levels with the names and addresses of families receiving tenant-based rental assistance, unless the public health department performs such a matching procedure.				
(1) If a match occurred, did the tribe/TDHE carry out the requirements of this section?	24 CFR § 35.1225(f)			N/A for 2020
VIII. Summary				-
A. Summarize the compliance review sections to include:			See Attached	Program in compliance and no areas of weakness found
 Compliance with requirements Violations of the applicable statutes and regulations 				Improvement: When Renee or Sharon are verifying and signing off on inspections, they will be verifying that the confirmation of year built for the property is in the client file. This has



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	<u>Citation</u>			
3. Issues that should be noted as a concern				been a difficult procedure to put in
because they could lead to a violation				place for case managers because we
				have to use multiple sources to seek
4. Significant accomplishments and/or best				that confirm; with no consistent
practices				instruction to give, we feel this will be a better check and balance to ensure
B. Develop report language, including any				we have the required documentation of
findings and concerns.				age of residence for Lead based paint.

Reviewer Name:	Sharon Paskewitz, Housing Director 10-15-2020
Review Date(s):	10/15/2020
Supervisor Name:	Carrey Thusa 10/27/2020

10/15/2020